SiQuENC: Algebra-based 1-d kinematics

Use lots of space. It's OK if many of the following sections take a page each.

Neatly and graphically represent <u>situation(s)</u>

- Carefully read the problem three times.
- Dashed bubble around system for which motion is being studied
- Label time points of interest (e.g. use Roman numerals).
- Label origin and + direction.
- Translate the words "free-fall," "projectile motion," and "under the influence of Earth's gravitational pull alone" to mean that the system's acceleration is 9.8 m/s² downward.
- Identify requested unknowns.

Initial $t_i =$ $x_i =$ $v_{x,i} =$ Between t_i and t_f $a_x =$ Final $t_f =$ $x_f =$ $v_{x,f} =$

Graphically represent <u>quantities</u> and their relationships

- Arrange dots on page to represent positions at different times.
- Attach arrows to dots to represent corresponding velocities.
- As much as is reasonably possible, draw to scale.

If you can do it legibly, you can overlay these representations of quantities over your representation of situation(s).

• Graph kinematics quantity(ies) as function(s) of time.

Identify relevant allowed starting point (in)equation(s)

- Definitions
- Theorems

Use numbered steps to show REASoNing

Communicate